WEEK 5



TODAY'S PLAN

Homework

Quiz

Tutor Tasks

- Order of Operations
- Array Operations
- Matrix and Vector Multiplication

HOMEWORK

HOMEWORK

■ Please refrain from using Umlauts and ß in your Programs →Causes all kinds of issues

HOMEWORK

Any Questions?

TUTOR TASKS



BONUS QUESTION

- Int I = 5;
- Int J = 2;
- System.out.println(I/J);

BONUS QUESTION – ANSWER

- Int I = 5;
- Int J = 2;
- System.out.println(I/J); $\rightarrow 2$

ORDER OF OPERATIONS

Level	Operator	Description	Associativity	10	>>>	shift	left to right
16	[] • 0	access array element access object member parentheses	left to right	9	< <= > >= instanceof	relational	not associative
15	++	unary post-increment unary post-decrement	not associative	8	== !=	equality	left to right
14	++	unary pre-increment unary pre-decrement unary plus unary minus	right to left	7	۵	bitwise AND	left to right
				6	^	bitwise XOR	left to right
	+ _			5	1	bitwise OR	left to right
	1	unary logical NOT		4	6.6	logical AND	left to right
	-	unary bitwise NO I		3	11	logical OR	left to right
13	() new	cast object creation	right to left	2	?:	ternary	right to left
12	* / %	multiplicative	left to right		=- =+ = == == == == == == == ===========	assignment	right to left
11	+ - +	additive string concatenation	left to right	1			

ORDER OF OPERATIONS – RELEVANT

12	* / %	multiplicative	left to right
11	+ - +	additive string concatenation	left to right

ORDER OF OPERATIONS – TASKS

- **2 + 3 * 4 6**
- 6 * 7 % 4
- (18 7) * (7.2 % 5.2)

34" + 2 * 4

ORDER OF OPERATIONS – TASKS

- (18 7) * (7.2 % 5.2)
- **8.0 7 * 9 % 10**
- 4/2*9/4
- 813 % 100 / 3 + 2.4
- **34**" + 2 + 4
- (double) 3 + 5 * 4 + 3 + Integer.parseInt("I") + 8

CUSTOM ARRAY METHODS

CUSTOM ARRAY METHODS

- public static void print(int[] array)
 - Prints Array in format: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
- public static int[] invert(int[] array)
 - {0, 1, 2, 3} becomes {3, 2, 1, 0}

CUSTOM ARRAY METHODS

public static int[] cut(int[] array, int length)

- cut(new int[] {1, 2, 3}, 2) becomes {1, 2}
- cut(new int[] {1, 2, 3}, 5) becomes {1, 2, 3, 0, 0}
- public static int[] linearize(int[][] array)
 - linearize(new int[][] {{1, 3}, {25}, {7, 4, 6, 9}}) becomes {1, 3, 25, 7, 4, 6, 9}

We shall <u>assume</u> that all Matrix Inputs are correct

public static int vecVecMul(int[] a, int[] b)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 6 = 22$$

$$\underbrace{1 \times 3}_{1 \times 3} \underbrace{3 \times 1}_{3 \times 1} = \underbrace{1 \times 1}_{1 \times 1}$$

public static int[] matVecMul(int[][] a, int[]b)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 47 \\ 5 \\ 68 \end{bmatrix}$$

public static int[][] transpose(int[][] a)

If
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 9 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 \\ 6 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then $\mathbf{A}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 6 \\ 5 & 3 & 8 \\ 9 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

public static int[][] matMatMult(int[][] a, int[][]b)

$$A_{3x2} \cdot B_{2x4} = C_{3x4} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 5 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix} =$$